

MUD CRABS



FIVE FAST FACTS

1. Mud crabs are an indicator under the Environmental component of the Gladstone Harbour Report Card.
2. **TWO** rounds of mud crab monitoring were conducted in 2020, a summer survey (wet season) and a winter survey (dry season).
3. Mud crabs are one of Gladstone Harbour's 'iconic species' and are important to Gladstone Region's commercial and recreational fishers.
4. Assessments of mud crabs were based on a catch and release approach.
5. This indicator was developed specifically to establish a long-term mud crab monitoring program.

THE GRADES

2020	2021	Grading system
		 Very good (0.85 - 1.00)
		 Good (0.65 - 0.84)
		 Satisfactory (0.50 - 0.64)
		 Poor (0.25 - 0.49)
		 Very poor (0.00 - 0.24)

HOW ARE MUD CRABS MEASURED?

Mud crabs are monitored in seven zones using collapsible crab pots.

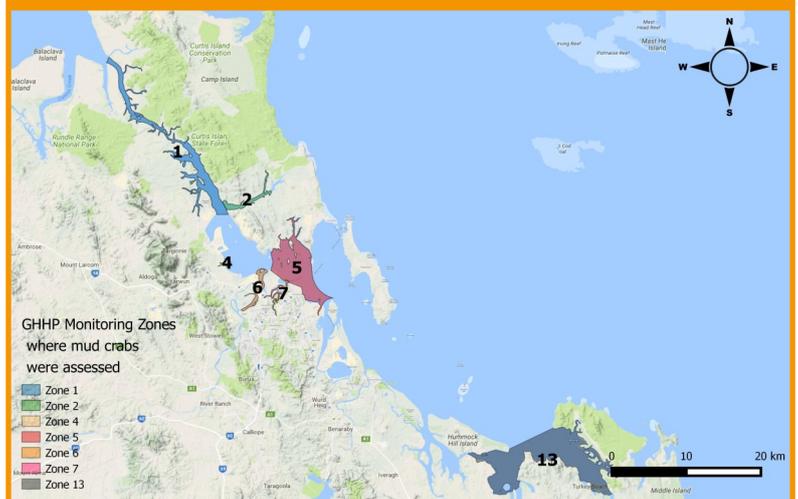
THREE mud crab sub-indicators were measured to calculate scores included in the 2020 report card:

1. **Sex ratio:** In Queensland mud crab fisheries, it is illegal to take female crabs. This measure assesses the ratio of legal size male crabs (>15cm spine width) to female crabs of the same size.
2. **Abundance (catch per unit effort):** indicates changes to external pressures (e.g. fishing and/or changes to habitats) or changes in recruitment levels.
3. **Prevalence of rust lesions** – rust spots (shell lesions) were first reported in Gladstone Harbour by commercial fishers in 1994. This disease is not infectious and while it has been suggested that it may be related to exposure to copper and zinc, which inhibit calcium uptake, this relationship has not been demonstrated experimentally. The prevalence of rust spot is assessed by a visual inspection.

WHAT DO THE GRADES MEAN?

The overall score for mud crabs in Gladstone Harbour was 0.48 (D) indicating a **POOR** condition. The overall poor harbour score has been consistent since 2018. Similarly, abundance scores were highly variable and had an overall poor score. Sex ratio had an overall very poor score, indicating a higher ratio of female to male crabs. Prevalence of rust lesions was very low across most zones—however was graded poor in one zone—resulting in an overall very good score.

MUD CRAB SITES MONITORED BY GHHP



Mud crabs are monitored in seven GHHP zones: The Narrows, Graham Creek, Boat Creek, Inner Harbour, Calliope Estuary, Auckland Inlet and Rodds Bay